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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/534,708	03/24/2000	Robert G. Arsenault	PD-980130 2593		
20991 75 THE DIRECTV (90 01/24/2007 GROUP INC	EXAMINER			
	ET ADMINISTRATION	TRAN, HAI V			
P O BOX 956 EL SEGUNDO, (CA 90245-0956		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2623		
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MON	rhs	01/24/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

			Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Andrew Commence		09/534,708	,	ARSENAULT ET AL.					
Office Action Summary			Examiner		Art Unit				
			Hai Tran		2623				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appe	ears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	Idress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>09 No</i>	ovember 20	06.					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL .	2b) This	action is no	n-final.		•			
3)	Since this application is in condition	nce this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
•—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims	•							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-47 is/are pending in the a	pplication.							
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-27 and 31</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	5) Claim(s)is/are allowed.								
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>28-30. 32-47</u> is/are rejected.								
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•							
·	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or	election re	quirement.					
Applicati	on Papers				,				
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner	r.		•				
·	•			objected to by the E	Examiner.				
,	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:									
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage									
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
	•				·				
Attachmen	t(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)									
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P	TO-948)		Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:									

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 11/09/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues (Applicant's remark, page 15), "It would not be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Beyers for evaluation of conditional logic at a receiver because Beyers describes that receiver information is stored in a database at the headend (e.g., the system control computer) (Col. 16, lines 2-6). In addition, the database of receiver would not be compatible with the bitmap locking information described by Gordon. Adding conditional logic that is evaluated by a receiver based on receiver characteristic is inherently different from storing receiver characteristic information at a service provider headend."

In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees with Applicant because Beyers clearly discloses the conditional logic including one or more rule that must be evaluated by the receiver based on receiver characteristics data representing a characteristic of the receiver (see Col. 9, lines 9-37, for example the examiner cites "... Transaction Type A is of finite length and may be considered to comprise a data packets of a plurality of bytes in a particular sequence and including at least apportion of a data stream which may have a transaction code associated therewith... Message data for display on an addressable subscriber terminal may be transmitted to subscribers using these transactions. Depending on the length of the messages, the characteristic of the subscriber terminals and the scramblers and other factors, the particular length and

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arrangement of message data within these transactions may be varied to suit the particular configuration. A transaction code or operand provides a command or instruction that the subscriber terminal (or terminals) addressed by the transaction is to follow. The depicted data is for operation according to the operand or transaction code...). In view of that the Examiner maintains the rejection.

Applicant further argues, "...the method of Beyers is directed to storing information about subscriber terminals at a headend. It would not have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Byers for evaluation conditional logic at a receiver because Beyers describes that receiver's information is stored in a database at the headends (e.g., the system control computer). (Col. 16, lines 2-6)."

In response, the Examiner confuses because there is no need for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Byers for evaluation conditional logic at a receiver because Beyers himself already discloses the evaluation conditional logic is done at the receiver (see Col. 9, lines 9-37). As such Applicant argument is moot.

Applicant further argues, "Even assuming that Beyers was not deficient, Beyers teaches away from the use of the group information for conditional logic evaluated by receivers by stating "Groups are not tied to any particular functionality within the system... Therefore, the term "group" as used herein does not refer to a predetermined class of subscriber terminals such as for instance, the class of subscriber terminals, which support a particular feature like remote control..."

In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees with Applicant because Beyers clearly discloses the use of the group information for adding conditional logic (message data) evaluated by receivers (see Col. 9, lines 23-37) and does not teach away, as alleged by Applicant.

In conclusion, the Examiner maintains the rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 28-30, and 32-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gordon by US 2001/0056577A1 in view of Beyers, II et al. (US 5381477).

Claim 28, Gordon discloses a method of broadcasting TV content and program guide data (Fig. 1 and 2), the TV content (video sources) divided into a plurality of TV channels (i.e., FOX... page 6,sect. 0065), each TV channel constructed from at least one content component (page 6, sect. 0065), the program guide data including multiple channel objects (page 5, sect. 0050), each channel object (Fig. 1, el. 135; Fig. 11-14, el. 610-1..8), associated with one of the TV channels (Fig. 11A-14; i.e. CNN associates with channel 5), each channel object (TV

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program Icons, i.e. CNN), including at least one channel definition (i.e., video PID) that identifies the channel content components needed to construct the TV channel associated with that channel object for display (page 16, sect. 0155-0156 and page 18, section 0184), wherein the method comprising:

Providing the TV content and the program guide data (Fig. 4);

Adding conditional logic to channel objects (page 9, sect.0088) that include more than one channel definition ("conditional logic" reads on Gordon's arranging bitmap information in different data blocks descriptors contain entitlement "locks" to corresponding channel object, i.e., PPV, VOD or subscription services like HBO, Showtimes, etc... see page 8, sect. 0085-0087 and page 9, section 0088 that include more than one channel definition, i.e., tile of the video program, that is allow displaying on the TV because Gordon's arranged bitmap information is used to identify what types of access is allowed by comparing "locks" with a series of "keys" stored at the STB so to indicate what type of channels that user is entitled to receive for viewing for a particular STB. In doing so, Gordon receiver inherently uses conditional logic expression, i.e. Boolean, to evaluate the "conditional logic" based on the receiver unique terminal identification, see page 7 at § 0070) the conditional logic that must be evaluated by a receiver to identify a 1st channel definition or a 2nd channel definition, the 1st channel definition being associated wit a 1st video component or a 1st audio component, and the 2nd channel definition being associated with a 2nd video component or a 2nd audio component (the receiver with its unique terminal identification (page 7, sect. 0070) identifies which channel

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definition associates with corresponding channel object that is allow displaying on the TV, i.e., PPV, VOD or subscription services like HBO, Showtimes, etc... see page 8, sect. 0085-0087 and page 9, section 0088);

Combining the TV content and the program guide data into an output stream (Fig. 4, el. 450); and broadcasting the output stream to a plurality of receivers (page 6, sect. 0062-page 7, sect. 0070).

Gordon does not specifically disclose that the conditional logic is evaluated by the receiver based on receiver characteristics data representing a characteristic of the receiver.

Beyers discloses the conditional logic including one or more rule that must be evaluated by the receiver based on receiver characteristics data representing a characteristic of the receiver (see Col. 9, lines 9-37). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Gordon to include one or more rule that must be evaluated by the receiver based on receiver characteristics data into the conditional logic, as taught by Beyers, so to permit the system operator to able to target individual subscribers for inclusion in groups by means of certain selection criteria which characterizes a group, logically linking the criteria in a predetermined manner to form a group criteria definition statement, comparing the stored terminal criteria with the criteria definition statement, and assigning an individual or group of terminals to the group, as suggested by Beyer (Col. 2, lines 42-65+)

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Claim 29, Gordon further discloses wherein one of the conditions contained in the conditional logic of a channel object is further based on subscription data representing channels to which a user subscribes (page 8, sect. 0084-0088).

Claim 30, Gordon further discloses wherein one of the conditions contained in the conditional logic of a channel object is further based on selection history data representing programs that a user has previously watched (page 9, sect 0098; page 15, sect 0144-0148; page 17, sect.0174).

Claim 32, Gordon further discloses wherein the receiver characteristic data includes geographic location data representing a specific geographic location, and one of the conditions contained in the conditional logic of a channel object is based on the geographic location data (page 9, sect. 0098).

Claim 33, Gordon (page 7, sect. 0070) in view of Beyer (col. 17, lines 25-31; Col. 33, lines 44-Col. 38-14) further discloses wherein the receiver characteristics data includes at least one identification code that uniquely identifies a receiver, and one of the conditions contained in the conditional logic of a channel object is based on the identification code

Claim 34, Gordon (page 5, section 0057-059; page 8, sect. 0085 and page 10, sect 0102) in view of Beyer (col. 17, lines 25-31; Col. 33, lines 44-Col. 38-14)

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further discloses wherein the conditions contained in the conditional logic of a channel object is based on both the current time at the site of the receivers and subscription data representing channels to which users of the receivers subscribe.

Claim 35, Gordon (page 5, section 0057-059; page 8, sect. 0085 and page 10, sect 0102) in view of Beyer (col. 17, lines 25-31; Col. 33, lines 44-Col. 38-14) wherein one of the conditions contained in the conditional logic of a channel object associated with a pay per view television channel is further based on the current time at the site of the receivers and pay per view purchase data representing pay per view programs that have been ordered by a user.

Claim 36, Gordon discloses a method of receiving television content and program guide data that is broadcast from a television broadcasting station (Fig. 2), the TV content (video sources) divided into a plurality of TV channels (i.e., FOX... page 6,sect. 0065), each TV channel constructed from at least one channel content component (video encoder of Fig. 4; page 6, sect. 0065), the program guide data including multiple channel objects (page 5, sect. 0050), each channel object (Fig. 1, el. 135; Fig. 11-14, el. 610-1..8) associated with one of the TV channels (Fig. 11A-14; i.e. CNN associates with channel 5), each channel object (TV program Icons, i.e. CNN), including at least one channel definition (i.e., video PID) that identifies the channel content components including a video component or an audio component needed to construct the TV channel associated with that channel object for display

(page 16, sect. 0155-0156 and page18, section 0184), each channel object with more than one channel definition including conditional logic ("conditional logic" reads on Gordon's arranging bitmap information in different data blocks descriptors contain entitlement "locks" to corresponding channel object, i.e., PPV, VOD or subscription services like HBO, Showtimes, etc... see page 8, sect. 0085-0087 and page 9, section 0088 that include more than one channel definition, i.e., tile of the video program, that is allow displaying on the TV because Gordon's arranged bitmap information is used to identify what types of access is allowed by comparing "locks" with a series of "keys" stored at the STB so to indicate what type of channels that user is entitled to receive for viewing for a particular STB. In doing so, Gordon receiver inherently uses conditional logic expression, i.e. Boolean, to evaluate the "conditional logic" based on the receiver unique terminal identification, see page 7 at § 0070), the method comprising:

Receiving the TV content and the program guide data by a receiver station that includes a receiver;

Storing the program guide data in a memory 276 (sect. 0092);

Receiving a tuning request that selects a TV channel (page 3, sect. 0036);

Responding to the tuning request by evaluating the conditional logic (Gordon's arranged bitmap information is used to identify what types of access is allowed by comparing "locks" with a series of "keys" stored at the STB so to indicate what type of channels that user is entitled to receive for viewing for a particular STB. In doing so, Gordon receiver inherently uses conditional logic expression, i.e. Boolean, to

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evaluate the "conditional logic" based on the receiver unique terminal identification, see page 7 at § 0070); and

Generating an output of the selected TV channel, the output including the channel content components identified by the 1st channel definition or the 2nd channel definition (page 5, sect-0056-page 6, sect. 0060 and page 7, sect.0075).

Gordon does not specifically disclose that the conditional is evaluated by the receiver based on receiver characteristics data representing a characteristic of the receiver.

Beyers discloses the conditional logic including one or more rule that must be evaluated by the receiver based on receiver characteristics data representing a characteristic of the receiver (see Col. 9, lines 9-37). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Gordon to include one or more rule that must be evaluated by the receiver based on receiver characteristics data into the conditional logic, as taught by Beyers, so to permit the system operator to able to target individual subscribers for inclusion in groups by means of certain selection criteria which characterizes a group, logically linking the criteria in a predetermined manner to form a group criteria definition statement, comparing the stored terminal criteria with the criteria definition statement, and assigning an individual or group of terminals to the group, as suggested by Beyer (Col. 2, lines 42-65+).

Claim 37 system/apparatus claim is analyzed with respect to method claim 36.

Claims 38-40, Gordon (page 8, sect. 0087-0088; page 9, sect. 0095-0098) in view of Bever (Col. 30-Col. 38, lines 14) further discloses wherein the 1st channel definition comprises a channel definition defining channel content components associated with a user who have purchased a program or an event, and wherein'the 2nd channel definition comprises a channel definition defining channel content components associated with a user who have not purchased a program or an event.

Claim 41, Gordon in view of Beyer (Col. 33, lines 44-63) further discloses wherein the receiver characteristics data representing the characteristic of the receiver indicates a model number associated with a receiver.

Claim 42, Gordon in view of Beyer (Col. 15, lines 27-46; Col.35, lines 55- Col. 38, lines 14 in which the operator is freely to configure the selection criteria statement accordingly to the needs) wherein the conditional logic instructs the receiver to select the first channel definition if the model number is greater than a predetermined number and instructs the receiver to select the second channel definition if the model number is less than the predetermined number.

Claim 43, Gordon in view of Beyer (Col. 15, lines 27-46; Col.35, lines 55- Col. 38, lines 14 in which software capability reads on one of the subscriber terminal

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criteria/attribute/service code, as shown in various table of Fig. 9A-10B) wherein the receiver characteristics data representing the characteristic of the receiver indicates whether or not the receiver includes a software capability.

Claim 44, Gordon in view of Beyer (receiver characteristics data indicates whether or not that receiver includes a hardware component, see Col. 25, lines 5-14) wherein the receiver characteristics data representing the characteristic of the receiver indicates whether or not that receiver includes a hardware component.

Claim 45, Gordon in view of Beyer (receiver characteristics data indicates a status of the receiver, see Col. 25, lines 5-14) wherein the receiver characteristics data representing the characteristic of the receiver indicates a status of the receiver.

Claim 46, Gordon in view of Beyer (Col. 33, lines 45-53) wherein the receiver characteristics data representing the characteristic of the receiver indicates a model number associated with a receiver.

Claim 47, Gordon in view of Beyer (Col. 33, lines 45-53) wherein the system characteristics data representing the characteristic of the system indicates a model number associated with the system.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hai Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-7305. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher S. Kelley can be reached on (571) 272-7331. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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HT:ht 01/11/2007

HAITRAN PRIMARY EXAMINER